

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2nd Quarter of 2026

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

**DONA TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION
JOINT STOCK COMPANY**



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DONA TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY

REPORT OF THE GENERAL MANAGEMENT

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

The members of the General Management of Dona Transportation Construction Joint Stock Company present this report and the Company's Financial Statements for the accounting period ended June 30, 2026.

1. General Information

Dona Transportation Construction Joint Stock Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") operates under Business Registration Certificate No. 3600259916 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Dong Nai Province on December 30, 2005, with the 19th amendment dated May 11, 2026.

Form of ownership: Joint Stock Company.

English name: Dona Transportation Construction Joint Stock Company. Abbreviation: DOTRANCO.

Stock code: DGT - traded on the Upcom stock exchange.

Headquarters: 200 Nguyen Ai Quoc, Trang Dai Ward, Dong Nai Province.

2. Financial Position and Results of Operations

The Company's financial position and results of operations for the period are presented in the accompanying financial statements.

3. Members of the Board of Directors, Board of Supervisors, General Management, and Chief Accountant

The members of the Board of Directors, Board of Supervisors, General Management, and the Chief Accountant during the period and up to the date of this report include:

Board of Directors

- Mr.	Phuong Thua Vu	Chairman of Board of Directors	Appointed on May 30, 2024
- Mr.	Banh Quang Phuc	Chairman of Board of Directors	Removed on May 30, 2024
- Mr.	Nguyen Thanh Phong	Member	Removed on April 17, 2026
- Mr.	Nguyen Quoc Thanh	Independent Member of the Board of Directors	Removed on April 12, 2025
- Mr.	Tran Quang Tuan	Member	Removed on April 12, 2025
- Mr.	Tran Huu Luu	Member	Removed on May 30, 2024
- Mr.	Ton Duc Tung	Member	Removed on April 12, 2025
- Mr.	Nguyen Khoa	Member	Appointed on May 30, 2024
- Ms	Nguyen Nu Hoang Anh	Member	Appointed on April 17, 2026

Board of Supervisors

Mr.	Vu Tien Manh	Head of Board of Supervisors	Appointed on September 27, 2023
Mr.	Nguyen Hiep	Member	Removed on April 12, 2025
Mr.	Doan Van Binh	Member	Removed on April 12, 2025
Mr.	Ton Duc Tung	Member	Removed on May 30, 2024
Mr.	Pham Van Hung	Member	Removed on May 30, 2024
Ms	Tran Thi Ngoc Huyen	Member	Removed on April 17, 2026
Ms	Nguyen Thi Ngoc Linh	Member	Removed on April 17, 2026
Ms	Nguyen Thi Ngoc Thach	Member	Appointed on April 17, 2026
Mr.	Tran The Anh	Member	Appointed on April 17, 2026

General Management and Chief Accountant

Mr.	Nguyen Thanh Phong	General Director	Removed on April 17, 2026
Mr.	Nguyen Khoa	General Director	Appointed on April 17, 2026
Mr.	Ton Duc Tung	Deputy General Director	Removed on July 01, 2025
Mr.	Nguyen Xuan Khanh	Deputy General Director	Appointed on December 4, 2024
Mr.	Nguyen Huy Hoang	Deputy General Director	Removed on May 30, 2024
Ms	Nguyen Thi Mai	Chief Accountant	Removed on May 30, 2024
Ms	Nguyen Thi Thu Thao	Chief Accountant	Appointed on May 30, 2024
Ms	Nguyen Thi Thu Thao	Chief Accountant	Removed on June 20, 2024
Ms	Hoang Thi Mai	Chief Accountant	Removed on September 03, 2025
Mr.	Nguyen Thanh Phong	Chief Accountant	Removed on December 05, 2025
Mr.	Bui Quang Toan	Chief Accountant	Appointed on December 05, 2025

The legal representative of the Company during the period and up to the date of these financial statements is:

Mr.	Nguyen Khoa	General Director
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DONA TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY
REPORT OF THE GENERAL MANAGEMENT

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

4. Statement of the General Management

The General Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at June 30, 2026, including the Balance Sheet, the Income Statement, and the Cash Flow Statement for the accounting period ended on the same date. In preparing these financial statements, the General Management has considered and complied with the following:

- Select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue its business operations.

The General Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and serve as a basis for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with the accounting regime stated in the Notes to the Financial Statements. The General Management is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



On behalf of the General Management

Nguyễn Khoa

General Director

Dong Nai, July 24, 2026

DONA TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY

BALANCE SHEET

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

Circular No. 99/2025/TT-BTC
dated October 27, 2025 of the
Minister of Finance)

Unit: VND

ASSETS	Code	Note	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100		1.005.850.535.296	950.953.491.836
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.1	22.345.298.782	8.466.929.754
Cash	111		22.345.298.782	8.466.929.754
II. Short-term financial investments	120		(14.504.862.297)	(12.499.457.793)
Allowance for short-term held-to-maturity investments	124	V.2	(14.504.862.297)	(12.499.457.793)
III. Short-term receivables	130		708.124.431.764	689.497.378.017
Short-term trade receivables	131	V.3	274.055.012.177	265.384.798.098
Short-term prepayments to suppliers	132	V.4	68.893.001.814	68.086.718.071
Other short-term receivables	135	V5.1	427.994.148.589	421.191.278.570
Provision for short-term doubtful receivables	136	V6	(62.817.730.816)	(65.165.416.722)
IV. Inventories	140	V.7	278.296.003.660	262.005.964.943
Inventories	141		278.296.003.660	262.005.964.943
V. Other current assets	160		11.589.663.387	3.482.676.915
Short-term prepaid expenses	161	V.11a	1.773.432.553	1.982.866.297
Deductible value-added tax	162		122.473.372	524.525.152
Taxes and other receivables from State Budget	163	V.14b	9.693.757.462	975.285.466
ASSETS	Code	Note	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		846.995.959.639	882.872.661.376
I. Long-term receivables	210		5.205.095.779	5.033.001.926
Other long-term receivables	215	V5.2	5.205.095.779	5.033.001.926
II. Fixed assets	220		75.063.785.817	82.450.746.888
Tangible fixed assets	221	V.8	69.840.076.685	76.175.848.429
- Historical cost	222		130.834.366.291	128.976.946.291
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(60.994.289.606)	(52.801.097.862)
Financial lease fixed assets	224	V.9	5.223.709.132	6.274.898.459
- Historical cost	225		5.637.729.292	8.086.815.959
- Accumulated depreciation	226		(414.020.160)	(1.811.917.500)
IV. Non-current assets in progress	240		21.689.328	21.689.328
Construction in progress	252	V.10	21.689.328	21.689.328
V. Long-term financial investments	260		715.381.000.000	715.381.000.000
Investments in subsidiaries	261		715.381.000.000	715.381.000.000
VI. Other non-current assets	270		51.324.388.715	79.986.223.234
Long-term prepaid expenses	271	V.11b	51.324.388.715	79.986.223.234
TOTAL ASSETS	280		1.852.846.494.935	1.833.826.153.212

DONA TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY
BALANCE SHEET

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

Circular No. 99/2025/TT-BTC
dated October 27, 2025 of the
Minister of Finance)

Unit: VND

EQUITY	Code	Note	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
C. LIABILITIES	300		932.988.015.750	922.608.273.815
I. Current liabilities	310		690.769.531.800	680.389.789.865
Short-term trade payables	311	V.12	165.374.111.705	141.428.760.901
Short-term prepayments from customers	312	V.13	10.469.909.832	14.842.455.915
Taxes and payables to State Budget	314	V.14a	43.370.581.670	59.487.180.292
Payables to employees	315	V.15	898.669.546	1.370.307.858
Short-term accrued expenses	316	V.16	91.628.819.377	80.606.466.757
Other short-term payables	320	V.17a	8.508.756.420	10.391.600.961
Short-term borrowings and financial lease liabilities	321	V.18a	370.518.683.250	372.263.017.181
II. Non-current liabilities	330		242.218.483.950	242.218.483.950
Other long-term payables	338	V.17b	2.696.883.950	2.696.883.950
Long-term borrowings and financial lease liabilities	339	V.18b	239.521.600.000	239.521.600.000
EQUITY	Code	Note	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
D. EQUITY	400		919.858.479.185	911.217.879.397
I. Equity	410	V.19	919.858.479.185	911.217.879.397
Paid-in capital	411		790.000.000.000	790.000.000.000
- Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		790.000.000.000	790.000.000.000
Capital surplus	412		152.195.272.727	152.195.272.727
Development investment fund	418		21.282.835.714	21.282.835.714
Undistributed profit after tax	420		(43.619.629.256)	(52.260.229.044)
- Undistributed profit after tax accumulated to the end of previous year	420a		(52.260.229.044)	(55.720.523.126)
- Undistributed profit after tax of the current year	420b		8.640.599.788	3.460.294.082
TOTAL EQUITY	440		1.852.846.494.935	1.833.826.153.212

Luu Thi Hang
Prepared by

Dong Nai, July 24, 2026

Bui Quang Toan
Chief Accountant

Nguyen Khoa
General Director



DONA TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY
INCOME STATEMENT

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

Form No. B 02 - DN (Attached to Circular No.
99/2025/TT-BTC dated October 27, 2025 of the
Minister of Finance)

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Note	2nd quarter		Accumulated	
			From 01/04/2026 to 30/06/2026	From 01/04/2025 to 30/06/2025	From 01/01/2026 to 30/06/2026	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025
1. Revenue from sale of goods and services rendered	01		184.580.090.996	103.524.977.722	318.478.088.741	131.988.806.454
2. Revenue deductions	02			-	-	
3. Net revenue from sale of goods and services rendered	10	VI.1	184.580.090.996	103.524.977.722	318.478.088.741	131.988.806.454
4. Cost of goods sold	11	VI.2	171.274.970.651	79.486.780.884	289.763.195.162	102.404.253.958
5. Gross profit from sale of goods and services rendered (20 = 10 - 11)	20		13.305.120.345	24.038.196.838	28.714.893.579	29.584.552.496
6. Gain/Loss from the sale and disposal of investment property	21		-		-	
7. Financial income	22	VI.3	608.340	27.552.852	876.980	27.920.560
8. Financial expenses	23	VI.4	10.109.640.817	4.777.794.977	13.791.929.521	10.530.376.523
<i>In which: Interest expenses</i>	24		(3.678.495.406)	5.951.077.028	-	11.702.263.927
9. Selling expenses	25	VI.5a	5.775.732.700	5.209.283.100	11.525.649.500	6.724.382.900
10. General & Administration expenses	26	VI.5b	185.883.067	4.730.839.275	3.072.981.594	7.412.954.448
11 Net profit from operating business activities (30 = 20+21+22-(23+25+26))	30		(2.765.527.899)	9.347.832.338	325.209.944	4.944.759.185
12. Other income	31	VI.6	13.004.516.352	(199.999.999)	13.594.205.426	2.250.617.570
13 Other expenses	32	VI.7	(1.046.520.306)	4.300.144.532	2.607.315.838	5.731.022.908
14 Other profits / (loss) (40 = 31 - 32)	40		14.051.036.658	(4.500.144.531)	10.986.889.588	(3.480.405.338)
15. Total accounting profit before tax (50 = 30 + 40)	50		11.285.508.759	4.847.687.807	11.312.099.532	1.464.353.847
16 Current corporate income tax expense	51	VI.8	2.671.499.744	292.870.769	2.671.499.744	292.870.769
17 Deferred corporate income tax expense	52			-	-	-
18 Accounting profit after corporate income tax / (loss) (60 = 50 - 51 - 52)	60		8.614.009.015	4.554.817.038	8.640.599.788	1.171.483.078

[Signature]

Luu Thi Hang
Prepared by
Dong Nai, July 24, 2026

[Signature]

Bui Quang Toan
Chief Accountant



Nguyễn Khoa
General Director

DONA TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY
CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Form No. B 03 - DN

(Under indirect method)

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Note	From 01/01/2026 to 30/06/2026	From 01/01/2026 to 30/06/2026
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
1. Profit before tax	01		11.312.099.532	1.464.353.847
2. Adjustments for amounts:				
- Depreciation of fixed assets and investment properties	02	V.8-9	6.795.294.404	5.511.618.906
- Provisions	03	VI.4,5b	(2.347.685.906)	226.896.536
- Gain/ loss from foreign exchange differences arising from revaluation of foreign currency monetary items	04			-
- Gain/ loss from investment activities	05		(876.980)	(27.920.560)
- Interest expenses	06	VI.4	-	11.702.263.927
- Other adjustments	07			-
3. Profit from operating activities before changing working capital	08		15.758.831.050	18.877.212.656
- Increase (-)/ decrease (+) of receivables	09		12.394.570.130	9.097.338.253
- Increase (-), decrease (+) of inventories	10		(16.290.038.717)	(26.736.672.879)
- Increase (+), decrease (-) of payables (excluding interest payable, payable corporate income tax)	11		3.117.677.554	(10.671.074.763)
- Increase (-), decrease (+) of prepaid expenses	12		28.871.268.263	1.442.208.306
- Increase (-), decrease (+) in trading securities	13		-	-
- Interest paid	14		(3.102.047.703)	(1.036.294.265)
- Corporate income tax paid	15		-	-
- Other receipts from operating activities	16		1.936.650.382	-
- Other payments for operating activities	17		-	-
Net cash flows from operating activities	20		42.686.910.959	(9.027.282.692)
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES				
Payment for purchase and construction of fixed assets and other non-current				
1. assets	21		(2.451.326.667)	(8.514.468.198)
2. Proceeds from liquidation and sale of fixed assets and other non-current assets	22		593.906.667	-
3. Payment for lending and purchasing debt instruments of other entities	23		-	-
4. Cash recovered from lending and reselling debt instruments of other entities	24		-	-
5. Payments for investments in other entities	25		-	-
6. Proceeds from divestments in other entities	26		-	-
7. Proceeds from loan interest, dividends and profits distributed	27		-	503.560
Net cash flows from investment activities	30		(1.857.420.000)	(8.513.964.638)

DONA TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Form No. B 03 - DN

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Under indirect method)

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

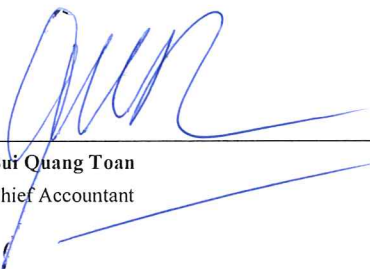
Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Note	From 01/01/2026 to 30/06/2026	From 01/01/2026 to 30/06/2026
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES				
1. Proceeds from issuance of shares and capital contributions from owners	31	V.19	-	-
2. Cash paid for capital contributions to owners and repurchase of the Company's issued shares	32		-	-
3. Proceeds from borrowings	33	VII.1	-	23.000.000.000
4. Repayment of loan principal	34	VII.2	(26.951.121.931)	(3.585.520.831)
5. Repayment of financial lease	35		-	(198.000.000)
6. Dividends and profits paid to owners	36		-	-
Net cash flows from financial activities	40		(26.951.121.931)	19.216.479.169
Net cash flows during the period (50 = 20+ 30 + 40)	50		13.878.369.028	1.675.231.839
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	60		8.466.929.754	2.229.479.940
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on foreign currency translation	61		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (70 = 50+60+61)	70	V.1	22.345.298.782	3.904.711.779



Luu Thi Hang
Prepared by

Dong Nai, July 24, 2026



Bui Quang Toan
Chief Accountant



Nguyen Khoa
General Director

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026**Unit: VND***I. OPERATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COMPANY****1. Form of capital ownership**

Dona Transportation Construction Joint Stock Company (the "Company") was incorporated and has been existing under Business Registration Certificate for Joint Stock Company No.: 3600259916, issued for the first time on December 30, 2005 and registered for the 18th change on July 7, 2023 by Department of Planning and Investment of Dong Nai Province.

Headquarters: No. 200 Nguyen Ai Quoc Street, Trang Dai Ward, Dong Nai Province (Former address: No. 200 Nguyen Ai Quoc, Trang Dai Ward, Bien Hoa City, Dong Nai Province)

2. Field of business

Production – Trade – Service – Construction

3. Business lines

- Real estate business, land use rights owned, managed, or leased. Details: Investment and trading in technical infrastructure of industrial zones; Housing business; Build-Operate-Transfer (BOT) contracts; Leasing of workshops and warehouses;
- Cutting, shaping and finishing of stone. Details: Stone processing;
- Other mining and quarrying not elsewhere classified. Details: Dredging of canals and waterways;
- Finishing of buildings; Short-term accommodation services; Warehousing and storage of goods;
- Demolition; Installation of other building systems; Other specialized construction activities;
- Restaurants and mobile food service activities;
- Manufacture of clay building materials. Details: Manufacture of bricks and tiles by tunnel kilns;
- Activities of amusement parks and theme parks. Details: Operation of entertainment areas;
- Inland waterway freight transport; Road freight transport;
- Wholesale of construction materials and other installation equipment. Details: Wholesale of construction materials;
- Extraction and collection of peat; Installation of electrical systems; Management consultancy activities;
- Quarrying of stone, sand, gravel and clay. Details: Extraction of construction materials;
- Leasing of machinery, equipment and other tangible goods without operators;
- Manufacture of concrete and products from concrete, cement and gypsum;
- Support activities for rail transportation; Construction of residential houses;
- Decontamination activities and other waste management services;
- Architectural and related technical consultancy activities;
- Construction of non-residential buildings; Construction of railways; Construction of roads;
- Support activities for water transportation. Details: Support activities for inland waterway transportation;
- Construction of water supply and drainage systems; Cargo handling;
- Construction of telecommunications and communications works; Construction of other public utility works;
- Construction of mining works; Construction of processing and manufacturing works; Construction of other civil engineering works;
- Installation of water supply, drainage, heating and air-conditioning systems;
- Wholesale of motor vehicles; Retail of passenger cars (9 seats or less);
- Agents for motor vehicles; Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles;
- Sale of motor vehicle parts and accessories.

4. Normal business cycle

The Company's normal business cycle is within 12 months, corresponding to the fiscal year starting from 01 January to 31 December.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

5. Business operations affecting the financial statements during the accounting period: None

6 Total number of employees as of June 30, 2026: 26 employees (June 30, 2025: 22 employees)

7. Corporate Structure

7.1. List of subsidiaries and affiliated units

As at March 31, 2026, the Company has six (06) subsidiaries and affiliated units under direct control. Details are as follows:

Company name and address	Principal activities	Capital contribution %	Ownership %	Voting rights %
DGT – Nghe An One Member Company Limited	Production, Trade, Service, and Construction	100%	100%	100%
DGT – Vung Tau One Member Company Limited	Production, Trade, Service, and Construction	100%	100%	100%
DGT – Dong Thap One Member Company Limited	Production, Trade, Service, and Construction	100%	100%	100%
DGT Investment One Member Company Limited	Production, Trade, Service, and Construction	100%	100%	100%
DGT Construction Materials Production and Trading Company Limited	Production, Trade, Service, and Construction	60%	60%	60%
Dong Loi Company Limited	Production, Trade, Service, and Construction	99,80%	99,80%	99,80%

Voting rights are determined based on the percentage of ownership of contributed capital in subsidiaries which are established in the form of limited liability companies.

7.2. List of dependent units without legal status

Unit name	Address
Dak Lua Sand Mining Enterprise	200 Nguyen Ai Quoc, Trang Dai Ward, Bien Hoa City, Dong Nai Province
Hot Mix Asphalt Enterprise	Hamlet 8, Nhan Co Commune, Dak R'lap District, Dak Nong Province
Construction Materials Store No. 1	Hamlet 1, Quang Ngai Commune, Cat Tien District, Lam Dong Province
Construction Materials Store No. 2	Hamlet 5, Thong Nhat Commune, Bu Dang District, Binh Phuoc Province

8. Statement on the comparability of information in the Financial Statements

The selection of figures and information presented in the financial statements is performed in accordance with the principle of comparability between corresponding accounting periods.

II. ACCOUNTING PERIOD AND CURRENCY USED IN ACCOUNTING

1. Accounting period

The Company's accounting period begins on 01 January and ends on 31 December each year.

2. Currency used in accounting

Vietnam Dong (VND) is used as the functional currency for accounting records.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026**Unit: VND***III. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SYSTEMS****1. Applicable accounting systems**

The Company applies the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System in accordance with the guidance of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on December 22, 2014 and subsequent amending and supplementing circulars.

2. Statement of compliance with Accounting Standards and Systems

We have prepared and presented the financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System, and other relevant legal regulations. The financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the Company.

The selection of figures and information to be presented in the Notes to the financial statements is performed in accordance with the principle of materiality as stipulated in Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 21 "Presentation of Financial Statements".

IV. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING POLICIES**1. Exchange rates applied in accounting**

The Company translates transactions in foreign currencies into Vietnam Dong (VND) based on actual exchange rates.

Determination of actual exchange rates:

All foreign currency transactions arising during the period are recorded at the actual exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Ending balances of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are revalued at the actual exchange rates announced at the reporting date.

- The actual exchange rate used to revalue monetary items denominated in foreign currencies classified as assets: is the buying exchange rate of the Bank.
- The actual exchange rate used to revalue monetary items denominated in foreign currencies classified as liabilities: is the selling exchange rate of the Bank.

Foreign exchange differences arising during the period from foreign currency transactions are recognized in the income statement. Foreign exchange differences arising from the revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the financial period, after netting off gains and losses, are recognized in the income statement.

2. Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits at banks.

3. Financial investments**Held-to-maturity investments**

Held-to-maturity investments include term deposits and loans held to maturity for the purpose of earning periodic interest, and other held-to-maturity investments.

Held-to-maturity investments are initially recognized at historical cost, which includes the purchase price and costs directly related to the acquisition. After initial recognition, unless a provision for doubtful debts has been established in accordance with legal regulations, these investments are valued at their recoverable amount. When there is reliable evidence that part or all of an investment may not be recoverable, the loss is recognized as a financial expense in the period and the value of the investment is written down.

Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates

An investment in a subsidiary is recognized when the Company holds more than 50% of the voting rights and has the power to govern the financial and operating policies to obtain economic benefits from its activities. When the Company no longer holds control over a subsidiary, the investment in that subsidiary is derecognized.

An investment in an associate is recognized when the Company holds from 20% to less than 50% of the voting rights of the investee and has significant influence over financial and operating policy decisions in that company.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates (continued)

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are initially recognized at cost and are not subsequently adjusted for changes in the investor's share of the investee's net assets. Cost includes the purchase price and costs directly related to the investment. In the case of investment using non-monetary assets, the cost of the investment is recognized at the fair value of those non-monetary assets at the time of the transaction.

A provision for impairment of investments in subsidiaries and associates is established when the investee incurs losses leading to a potential loss of capital for the Company, or when the value of the investments in subsidiaries or associates is impaired. The basis for establishing this provision is the financial statements of the investee company.

Investments in equity of other entities

Investments in equity of other entities are investments made by the Company in equity instruments of other entities over which the Company has no control, joint control, or significant influence.

Investments are recognized at cost, which includes the purchase price and expenses directly related to the investment. In cases of investment by non-monetary assets, the cost of the investment is recognized at the fair value of the non-monetary assets at the time of the transaction.

For long-term investments (not classified as trading securities) over which the Company has no significant influence on the investee, the establishment of an impairment provision is performed as follows:

+ For investments in listed shares or where the fair value of the investment can be reliably determined, the provision is based on the market price of the shares.

+ For investments where the fair value cannot be determined at the reporting date, the provision is established based on the loss of the investee. The basis for making the impairment provision for investments in other entities is the consolidated financial statements of the investee (if it is a parent company) or the financial statements of the investee (if it is an independent enterprise without subsidiaries).

4. Trade and other receivables**Receivables: at cost less provision for doubtful debts.**

The classification of receivables as trade receivables, internal receivables, and other receivables depends on the nature of the transaction or the relationship between the company and the debtor.

Method for establishing provision for doubtful debts: the provision for doubtful debts is estimated for the loss portion of receivables and other held-to-maturity investments with characteristics similar to receivables that are overdue or not yet overdue but may be uncollectible because the debtor is unable to pay due to bankruptcy, dissolution proceedings, disappearance, abscondence, etc.

5. Construction in progress

Construction in progress is recognized at cost. This cost includes all necessary expenses for the acquisition of new fixed assets.

These costs are capitalized as assets when construction is completed, final acceptance has been performed, and the assets have been handed over and are ready for use.

6. Inventories

Inventory recognition principle: Inventories are recognized at cost less provision for inventory price reduction and provision for obsolete or damaged inventory.

The cost of inventory is determined as follows:

- Raw materials and goods: including purchase price, transportation costs, and other directly related costs incurred to bring the inventory to its present location and condition.

- Work in progress: including costs of main raw materials, direct labor, and manufacturing overhead incurred during the production process.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

6. Inventories (continued)**Inventory valuation method:** weighted average.**Inventory accounting:** Perpetual inventory system.

Method for establishing provision for inventory price reduction: A provision for inventory is established when the net realizable value (NRV) of inventory is lower than its cost. NRV is the estimated selling price less the estimated costs of completion and estimated selling expenses. The balance of the provision for inventory price reduction is the difference between the cost of inventory and its lower NRV. A provision for inventory price reduction is made for each item of inventory whose cost exceeds its NRV.

7. Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses at the Company include actual costs incurred that are related to business operating results of multiple accounting periods. The company's prepaid expenses include the following: tools and instruments costs; quarrying costs; compensation costs; and other prepaid expenses.

Allocation method for prepaid expenses: The calculation and allocation of prepaid expenses into business operating expenses for each period is performed using the straight-line method. Based on the nature and extent of each type of expense, the allocation periods are as follows: short-term prepaid expenses are allocated within 12 months; long-term prepaid expenses are allocated from 12 to 36 months. Additionally,

+ Mining costs for Tan Cang Stone Quarry: allocated based on actual extraction output.

+ Mining costs for Dak Lua Sand Mine: allocated based on the permitted extraction period.

8. Fixed assets**8.1 Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets are recognized at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost consists of all costs incurred by the enterprise to acquire the fixed asset up to the point it is in a state ready for its intended use. Costs incurred after initial recognition are only capitalized as an increase to the historical cost of the fixed asset if these costs will certainly increase future economic benefits from the use of that asset. Costs that do not meet the above criteria are recognized as expenses in the period.

When fixed assets are sold or liquidated, the historical cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any gain or loss arising from the liquidation is recorded as income or expense in the period.

8.2 Finance lease fixed assets

Recognition principle for finance lease fixed assets: Finance lease fixed assets are presented at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. The historical cost of a finance lease fixed asset is the lower of the fair value of the leased asset at the inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments, plus initial direct costs incurred related to the finance lease activity. All other leases that are not finance leases are considered operating leases.

8.3 Fixed asset depreciation method

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful life is the period during which the asset contributes to production and business operations.

Estimated useful lives of fixed assets are as follows:

<i>Buildings and structures</i>	<i>04 - 32 years</i>
<i>Machinery and equipment</i>	<i>03 - 09 years</i>
<i>Transportation and transmission equipment</i>	<i>06 - 11 years</i>
<i>Management equipment and tools</i>	<i>06 years</i>
<i>Finance lease fixed assets</i>	<i>06 years</i>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026**Unit: VND***9. Payables**

Payables are recognized at cost and are no lower than the payment obligation.

The Company classifies payables into trade payables, internal payables, and other payables depending on the nature of the transaction or the relationship between the Company and the creditor.

Payables are monitored in detail by maturity, creditor, original currency (including the revaluation of payables meeting the definition of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies), and other factors according to the Company's management needs.

At the time of preparing the financial statements, the Company immediately recognizes a payable when there is evidence that a loss is likely to occur, according to the principle of prudence.

10. Loans and finance lease liabilities

The value of loans is recognized as the total amount borrowed from banks, organizations, financial companies, and other entities (excluding loans in the form of bond issuance or issuance of preference shares with mandatory redemption clauses at a specific point in the future).

Finance lease liabilities are recognized as the total amount payable, measured at the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the leased asset.

Loans and finance lease liabilities are monitored in detail by each lender, creditor, each loan agreement, and each type of borrowed asset.

11. Borrowing costs

Recognition principle for borrowing costs: Interest expense and other costs directly related to the enterprise's loans are recognized as production and business expenses in the period, except when these costs arise from loans directly related to the construction investment or production of qualifying assets, which are capitalized into the asset's value when the conditions specified in Accounting Standard No. 16 "Borrowing Costs" are met.

12. Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include interest expenses; salaries and bonuses; transportation costs; etc., that have been incurred during the reporting period but have not yet been paid. Salaries and bonuses payable to employees are recognized as production and business expenses in the period based on the principle of matching revenue and expenses.

13. Bond issuance costs

Transaction costs related to bond issuance are allocated gradually to the income statement over the bond term using the straight-line method. At initial recognition, bond issuance costs are recorded as a reduction of the bond's principal.

14. Salaries and mandatory insurance

Salaries are calculated and accrued as expenses in the period according to the Labor Contract and the Company's Salary Regulations. Accordingly, social insurance, health insurance, and unemployment insurance are also accrued at rates of 25.5%, 4.5%, and 2% respectively of the employees' salary. A rate of 21.5% is charged to social insurance, health insurance, and unemployment insurance expenses in the period; and 10.5% is deducted from the employees' basic salary.

15. Business Cooperation Contracts (BCC)

The Company recognizes initial capital contributions to a BCC at cost and reflects them as other receivables.

The Company recognizes amounts received for a BCC at cost and reflects them as other payables, not as equity.

BCC Profit Distribution***Case where the Company performs the BCC profit distribution***

If the BCC stipulates that other parties participating in the BCC are entitled to a fixed profit, the Company recognizes the entire revenue, expenses, and after-tax profit of the BCC in the Income Statement; and recognizes the entire after-tax profit of the BCC under the "Undistributed after-tax profit" item on the Balance Sheet.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026**Unit: VND**Case where the Company performs the BCC profit distribution (continued)*

If the BCC stipulates that other parties in the BCC only share in profits if the BCC's operations are profitable and must also bear losses, the Company applies the BCC revenue-sharing accounting method to recognize revenue, expenses, and business results corresponding to the share agreed upon in the BCC agreement.

Case where the Company receives shared profit from a BCC

If the BCC stipulates that other parties participating in the BCC are entitled to a fixed profit, the Company recognizes asset rental revenue for the amount shared from the BCC.

If the BCC stipulates that other parties in the BCC only share in profits if the BCC's operations are profitable and must also bear losses, the Company recognizes its share of the revenue and expenses from the BCC.

16. Owner's Equity

Recognition principle for owner's capital contribution: Owner's equity is formed from the initial capital contributions and additional contributions from shareholders. Owner's equity is recognized based on the actual amount contributed in cash or assets, calculated at the par value of shares issued upon establishment or when raising additional capital to expand the Company's operational scale.

Capital surplus: Reflects the positive difference between the share issuance price and the par value upon initial or additional issuance, and the positive or negative difference between the actual amount received compared to the purchase price when reissuing treasury shares. In the case of repurchasing shares for immediate cancellation on the purchase date, the share value is recorded as a reduction in business capital at the actual purchase price, and business capital is also reduced by the par value and the share premium of the repurchased shares.

Undistributed profits

Undistributed after-tax profit is recognized as the profit (or loss) from the Company's business activities after deducting (-) current corporate income tax and adjustments due to the retrospective application of changes in accounting policies and retrospective adjustments for material errors of previous years.

Profit distribution is based on the Company's Charter and approved by the annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

17. Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold reflects the cost value of products, goods, and services sold during the period and other costs recorded as cost of goods or reductions to cost of goods in the reporting period. Cost of goods is recognized at the time the transaction arises or when it is relatively certain that it will arise in the future, regardless of whether cash has been paid. Cost of goods sold and revenue are recognized simultaneously according to the matching principle.

18. Revenue and other income**Sales revenue**

Sales revenue is recognized when the following 5 conditions are simultaneously satisfied: 1. The enterprise has transferred significant risks and rewards of ownership of the product or goods to the buyer; 2. The enterprise no longer retains management rights as an owner or control over the goods; 3. Revenue can be reliably determined. When a contract stipulates that the buyer has the right to return purchased products/goods under specific conditions, the enterprise only recognizes revenue when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer cannot return the products/goods (except for returns in the form of exchange for other products or services); 4. The enterprise has received or will receive economic benefits from the sales transaction; 5. Costs related to the sales transaction can be determined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

Service revenue

Revenue from service provision transactions is recognized when the outcome of the transaction can be reliably estimated. In cases where service transactions involve multiple periods, revenue is recognized in each period based on the percentage of work completed as of the Balance Sheet date of that period. Service revenue is recognized when all four (4) of the following conditions are simultaneously met: 1. Revenue can be reliably determined. When a contract stipulates that the buyer has the right to return purchased services under specific conditions, the enterprise only recognizes revenue when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer cannot return the provided services; 2. The enterprise has received or will receive economic benefits from that service provision transaction; 3. The percentage of completion on the Balance Sheet date can be determined; 4. Costs incurred for the transaction and costs to complete that service provision transaction can be determined.

If the outcome of a contract cannot be reliably determined, revenue shall be recognized only to the extent of the recoverable costs recognized.

Financial income

Financial income reflects revenue from interest, dividends, distributed profits, and other financial activities of the enterprise (securities trading, liquidation of capital contributions in subsidiaries, associates, and other capital investments; foreign exchange gains; capital transfer gains, etc.).

Revenue arising from interest, dividends, and distributed profits of the enterprise is recognized when the following 2 conditions are simultaneously met: 1. It is probable that economic benefits will be obtained from the transaction; 2. Revenue can be reliably determined.

- Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis and the actual interest rate for each period.

- Dividends and distributed profits are recognized when shareholders are entitled to receive dividends or when parties participating in capital contributions are entitled to receive profits from the capital contribution.

When a receivable that was previously recognized as revenue is determined to be uncollectible or its collection is uncertain, it must be accounted for as an expense incurred in the period, and not as a reduction in revenue.

19. Financial expenses

Financial expenses include: Expenses or losses related to financial investment activities, interest on loans and borrowings, expenses for capital contributions to associates, etc.; Provision for impairment of financial investments, losses incurred from selling foreign currencies, foreign exchange losses, and other financial expenses.

Financial expenses are recognized in detail for each expense item when actually incurred during the period and reliably determined with full evidence of these expenses.

20. Selling expenses and general and administrative expenses**a. Selling expenses**

Reflect actual costs incurred during the process of selling products, goods, and providing services, including costs for product marketing, product introduction, product advertising, sales commissions, product and goods warranty costs (except for construction activities), preservation, packaging, and transportation costs, etc.

b. General and administrative expenses

Reflect the general administrative costs of the enterprise, including salaries for administrative staff; social insurance, health insurance, union funds, and unemployment insurance for administrative staff; office supplies, labor tools, depreciation of fixed assets used for enterprise management; business license tax; provision for doubtful debts; outsourced services; and other cash expenses.

21. Corporate income tax expense

Corporate income tax expense includes current corporate income tax expense and deferred corporate income tax expense arising during the year, serving as the basis for determining the Company's after-tax business results for the current fiscal year.

Current corporate income tax expense is the amount of corporate income tax payable calculated based on the taxable income for the year and the current corporate income tax rate.

21. Corporate income tax expense (continued)

Deferred corporate income tax expense is the amount of corporate income tax payable in the future arising from the recognition of deferred corporate income tax liabilities during the year and the reversal of deferred corporate income tax assets recognized in previous years. The Company does not reflect into this account deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities arising from transactions recognized directly in equity.

Deferred corporate income tax income is the amount recorded as a reduction in deferred corporate income tax expense arising from the recognition of deferred tax assets during the year and the reversal of deferred tax liabilities recognized in previous years.

The company offsets deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to corporate income tax managed by the same tax authority for the same taxable entity, and the enterprise intends to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026**Unit: VND*

Tax amounts payable to the State budget will be finalized with the tax authorities. The difference between the tax amount payable according to the books and the finalized audit data will be adjusted when there is a formal tax finalization with the tax authorities.

Due to uncertainty regarding future taxable profits, the Company has not recognized deferred tax assets for unused tax losses.

The corporate income tax rate applied to the Company is 20%.

22. Stakeholders

Stakeholders are enterprises or individuals that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, have the power to control or are subject to the control of the Company. Associates, individuals who directly or indirectly hold voting rights and have significant influence over the Company, key management personnel such as the Board of Management and the Board of Directors, close members of the families of such individuals, or associates or companies associated with these individuals are also considered stakeholders. In considering each stakeholder relationship, attention is paid to the substance of the relationship, not merely the legal form.

23. Financial instruments**Initial recognition****Financial assets**

According to Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC dated November 06, 2009 ("Circular 210"), financial assets are appropriately classified, for the purpose of disclosure in the financial statements, into financial assets at fair value through the Income Statement, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. The Company decides the classification of these financial assets at the time of initial recognition.

At the time of initial recognition, financial assets are determined at cost plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial assets include cash and deposits, trade receivables, loans receivable, and other receivables.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities within the scope of Circular 210, for the purpose of disclosure in the financial statements, are appropriately classified into financial liabilities at fair value through the Income Statement and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial liabilities at the time of initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are initially recognized at cost plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables, debts, and loans.

Value after initial recognition

Currently, there is no requirement for re-measurement of the value of financial instruments after initial recognition.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the financial statements if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

V. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE BALANCE SHEET

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
1. Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	20.767.545.386	7.428.617.503
Cash at bank	1.577.753.396	1.038.312.251
Total	22.345.298.782	8.466.929.754

2. Financial investments (page 28)**3. Short-term trade receivables**

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
Value	Value	
Hung Phat Construction Co., Ltd.	40.446.163.353	40.446.163.353
Hiep An Construction Joint Stock Company	11.391.320.000	11.391.320.000
Cienco4 Group Joint Stock Company	1.000.000.000	1.684.557.847
Construction Corporation No. 1 - JSC		3.015.338.122
Cuu Long Construction Materials Engineering Co., Ltd.	48.738.384.404	48.738.384.404
An Khang Phu Construction and Service Co., Ltd.	22.150.645.834	49.250.235.838
Stakeholders	55.782.475.091	55.782.475.091
Other entities	94.546.023.495	55.076.323.443
Total	274.055.012.177	265.384.798.098

4. Short-term prepayments to suppliers

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
Value	Value	
Land Fund Development Center of Bien Hoa City	8.392.049.000	8.392.049.000
Mr. Vo Cong Vinh	9.720.658.247	12.086.806.888
Cat Tuong Home Architecture Design Construction Co., Ltd.	21.086.522.933	21.086.522.933
Viet Hung Thinh Construction Investment Co., Ltd.	7.015.317.834	7.504.877.581
Stakeholders	1.980.247.089	1.980.247.089
Other entities	20.698.206.711	17.036.214.580
Total	68.893.001.814	68.086.718.071

5. Other receivables

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
Value	Value	
1 Short-term		
- Advances	126.000.000	2.140.000.000
- Pledges, mortgages, security deposits	1.687.290.000	1.687.290.000
Dong Nai Department of Planning and Investment	1.687.290.000	1.687.290.000
- Other receivables from stakeholders	173.492.400.775	172.388.400.775
DGT Construction Materials Production and Trading Company Limited	155.125.949.585	155.125.949.585
Dong Loi Co., Ltd.	16.151.037.308	15.047.037.308
DGT-Vung Tau One Member Co., Ltd.	4.650.000	4.650.000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

DGT-Nghe An One Member Co., Ltd.	2.201.463.882	2.201.463.882
DGT Investment One Member Co., Ltd.	4.650.000	4.650.000
DGT Dong Thap One Member Co., Ltd.	4.650.000	4.650.000
- Receivables from other organizations and individuals	251.895.457.814	244.975.587.795
Mr. Truong Hien Vu	234.726.986.666	234.726.986.666
South East Investment Consulting JSC	863.587.770	863.587.770
Viet Hung Thinh Construction Investment Co., Ltd.		
Tan Dai Tien Binh Thuan Co., Ltd (Tuy Phong IZ protection fee)	775.000.000	775.000.000
Executive board members	141.000.000	
Receivables from other entities	15.388.883.378	8.610.013.359
Total	427.994.148.589	421.191.278.570
.2 Long-term		
- Long-term security deposits	4.702.711.779	4.530.617.926
- Other long-term receivables	502.384.000	502.384.000
Total	5.205.095.779	5.033.001.926
6. Doubtful debts (page 29)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

7. Inventories	30/06/2026		01/01/2026	
	Historical cost	Provision	Historical cost	Provision
Raw materials	36.850.140.966	-	9.262.157.209	-
(*) Work in progress	147.559.467.317	-	148.531.203.433	-
Finished goods	25.284.002.376	-	36.973.379.841	-
Merchandise	68.602.393.001	-	67.239.224.460	-
Total	278.296.003.660	-	262.005.964.943	-
(*) Including:				
			30/06/2026	01/01/2026
- Construction costs for "Lac Viet High-end Coastal Eco-tourism" project			114.224.810.433	114.224.810.433
- Other work in progress			33.334.656.884	34.306.393.000
Total			147.559.467.317	148.531.203.433
8. Tangible fixed assets (page 30)				
9. Finance lease fixed assets (Machinery and equipment)				
	Beginning balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending balance
Historical cost	8.086.815.959	-	2.449.086.667	5.637.729.292
Accumulated depreciation	(1.811.917.500)	(467.740.253)	1.865.637.593	(414.020.160)
Net book value	6.274.898.459	467.740.253	583.449.074	5.223.709.132
10. Construction in progress				
			6/30/2026	01/01/2026
Quang Tri mixing station project				
Internal road to Quang Tri mixing station			21.689.328	21.689.328
Total			21.689.328	21.689.328
11. Prepaid expenses				
			6/30/2026	01/01/2026
a. Short-term				
			1.773.432.553	1.982.866.297
Short-term prepaid expenses (TC Stone Quarry)			685.336.356	67.833.330
Short-term prepaid expenses (BTND)				47.660.394
Short-term prepaid expenses (Company Office)			1.058.403.131	490.073.067
Short-term prepaid expenses (BTTP)			29.693.066	393.394.416
Short-term prepaid expenses (XLCT)				983.905.090
b. Long-term				
			51.324.388.715	79.986.223.234
Sand enterprise, CH1, CH2			454.536	460.541.832
Long-term prepaid expenses (TC Stone Quarry)			44.168.866.470	70.014.132.856
Long-term prepaid expenses (BTNN)			49.673.979	67.205.967
Long-term prepaid expenses (Company Office)			5.794.743.273	7.973.204.308
Long-term prepaid expenses (BTTP)			1.310.650.457	1.471.138.271
Long-term prepaid expenses (XLCT)				
Total			53.097.821.268	81.969.089.531

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

12. Short-term trade payables		30/06/2026		01/01/2026	
		Value	Amount able to pay	Value	Amount able to pay
An Khang Phu Construction Service Co., Ltd.		133.643.397.008	133.643.397.008	111.657.829.916	111.657.829.916
Xuan Phuong Phat Construction One Member Co., Ltd.	0		-	-	-
Nguyen Thanh Dan Construction Investment Co., Ltd.		2.176.832.402	2.176.832.402	2.176.832.402	2.176.832.402
Dung Phat VNMCG Co., Ltd.	0		-	-	-
Hoang Minh Phat Minerals Co., Ltd.		1.249.777.762	1.249.777.762	1.249.777.762	1.249.777.762
Mechanized Construction And Installation Joint Stock Company No 9		6.566.438.619	6.566.438.619	-	-
Stakeholders			-	-	-
Other suppliers		21.737.665.914	21.737.665.914	26.344.320.821	26.344.320.821
Total		165.374.111.705	165.374.111.705	141.428.760.901	141.428.760.901
13. Short-term advances from customers				6/30/2026	01/01/2026
Ba Huan Long An Joint Stock Company				4.793.873.400	4.793.873.400
Chuc Phuong Co., Ltd.				3.000.000.000	3.000.000.000
Other customers				2.676.036.432	7.048.582.515
Total				10.469.909.832	14.842.455.915
14. Taxes and other payables to the State		01/01/2026	Increase during the period	Decrease during the period	6/30/2026
Value added tax		182.271.898	29.023.453.370	28.480.284.444	725.440.824
Corporate income tax		936.560.845	2.671.499.744	0	3.608.060.589
Personal income tax		16.904.153	42.248.016	36.396.370	22.755.799
Natural resource tax		11.622.775.483	7.324.684.525	3.800.574.907	15.146.885.101
Property tax and land rent		12.638.478.143	322.277.874	0	12.960.756.017
Fees for mining rights; Environmental protection fee		34.090.189.770	(21.484.534.627)	1.698.971.803	10.906.683.340
Other taxes		-			-
Total		59.487.180.292	17.899.628.902	34.016.227.524	43.370.581.670
14.1 Taxes and other payables to the State (continued)		01/01/2026	Payable during the period	Paid during the period	6/30/2026
b. Receivables					
Other taxes		975.285.466	8.718.471.996		9.693.757.462
Total		975.285.466	8.718.471.996	-	9.693.757.462
15 Payables to employees				6/30/2026	01/01/2026
Salaries payable to employees				898.669.546	1.292.707.858
Remuneration for the Board of Directors and Board of Supervisors				-	77.600.000
Total				898.669.546	1.370.307.858
16. Short-term accrued expenses				30/06/2026	01/01/2026
Compensation for site clearance at Tan Cang Stone Quarry				8.392.049.000	8.392.049.000
Bond interest payable				78.109.992.609	67.420.110.791
Land rental expenses				-	2.038.241.978
Accrued natural resource tax and environmental protection fees					2.339.064.988
Other accrued expenses				5.126.777.768	417.000.000
Total				91.628.819.377	80.606.466.757

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

17. Other payables	6/30/2026	01/01/2026
a. Short-term		
Deposits received for business cooperation contracts	400.000.000	400.000.000
Union funds	159.878.632	154.755.458
Compulsory insurance	65.190.374	-
Dividends payable	211.792.770	686.092.770
Severance allowance payable	-	962.082.569
Other payables to stakeholders		-
Other payables	7.671.894.644	8.188.670.164
Total	8.508.756.420	10.391.600.961
b. Long-term		
Deposits received for business cooperation contracts	634.106.250	634.106.250
Capital contributions received for business cooperation	2.062.777.700	2.062.777.700
Total	2.696.883.950	2.696.883.950

(*) This amount represents the business cooperation capital contribution received from **South East Investment Consulting JSC** under Business Cooperation Contract No. 06/HTKD-PKD dated October 1, 2012, for the project to exploit construction sand on the Dong Nai River in Dac Lua Commune, Tan Phu District, Dong Nai Province. The total estimated investment capital for the cooperation project is VND 22,803,000,000. The capital contribution ratio of Dong Nam Bo Investment Consulting Joint Stock Company is 66%, equivalent to VND 15,049,980,000. As of June 30, 2024, the company had contributed VND 2,130,000,000.

The term of the business cooperation extends from the date of execution of the contract until the expiration of the licensed exploitation period.

For the implementation of the investment project, the parties agreed to establish a Project Management Board/Project Management Team to oversee the project.

The method for allocating profits, losses, and risks arising from the investment, exploitation, and business operations is as follows:

The Company is entitled to an annual fixed management fee for the project (this fee is fixed each year and is not affected by the operating results of the sand mining project), calculated at 3% of revenue for the first and second years, and 5% of revenue from the third year onward.

The parties shall share the profits, losses, and risks arising from the investment, exploitation, and business operations of the project (after deduction of the management fee) in proportion to their respective capital contributions. Specifically, the Company shall bear 34%, while Dong Nam Bo Investment Consulting Joint Stock Company shall bear 66% of such profits, losses, and risks.

18. Loans and finance lease liabilities (page 31)

19. Owner's Equity

a. Statement of changes in Owner's Equity: (page 32)

b. Details of owner's contributed capital	Contribution ratio	6/30/2026	01/01/2026
Shareholders' capital contributions	100,00%	790.000.000.000	790.000.000.000
Total	100%	790.000.000.000	790.000.000.000
c. Capital transactions with owners and distribution of dividends and profits		6/30/2026	01/01/2026
Owner's investment capital			
Contributed capital at the beginning of the year		790.000.000.000	790.000.000.000
Increase in contributed capital during the period			
Contributed capital at the end of the year		790.000.000.000	790.000.000.000
Dividends and distributed profits		-	-
d. Shares		6/30/2026	01/01/2026
Number of shares sold to the public		79.000.000	79.000.000
Ordinary shares		79.000.000	79.000.000
Number of repurchased shares		-	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

Ordinary shares	-	-
Number of outstanding shares	79.000.000	79.000.000
Ordinary shares	79.000.000	79.000.000
Par value of outstanding shares (VND/share)	10.000	10.000
e. Enterprise funds	6/30/2026	01/01/2026
Investment and development fund	21.282.835.714	21.282.835.714
The investment and development fund is established from after-tax corporate income profit and is used for investing in expanding production and business scale, or in-depth investment of the enterprise.		

VI. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE INCOME STATEMENT

	From 01/01/2026 to 6/30/2026	From 01/01/2025 to 31/03/2025
1. Net revenue from sales and service provision		
Revenue from sales of stone	27.189.612.176	22.842.939.771
Revenue from sales of construction materials	53.554.918.691	17.217.620.450
Construction revenue		10.674.241.701
Revenue from sales of commercial concrete	90.916.743.630	47.200.331.570
Revenue from premises rental	7.173.662.699	599.280.454
Other revenue	5.745.153.800	4.990.563.776
Total	184.580.090.996	103.524.977.722
2. Cost of goods sold		
Cost of stone sold	21.810.324.405	12.270.503.691
Cost of construction materials sold	53.441.742.290	16.038.116.080
Cost of construction and installation	5.004.377.950	7.238.667.965
Cost of commercial concrete sold	78.652.738.111	40.267.654.111
Cost of hot asphalt concrete sold	-	-
Cost of premises rental	6.811.725.258	160.809.941
Other costs of goods sold	5.554.062.637	3.511.029.096
Total	171.274.970.651	79.486.780.884
3. Financial income		
Bank interest, deposit interest	608.340	27.552.852
Loan interest		
Gains from disposal of short-term and long-term investments		
Total	608.340	27.552.852
4. Financial expenses		
Interest expense on loans and finance leases	544.123.222	576.606.059
Bond interest expense	7.559.695.429	5.374.470.969
Loss from liquidation of investments		
Investment provision expenses (reversal)	2.005.404.504	(1.195.799.560)
Bond issuance consultancy expenses		
Other financial expenses	417.662	22.517.509
Total	10.109.640.817	4.777.794.977

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

	From 01/01/2026 to 6/30/2026	From 01/01/2025 to 31/03/2025
5. Selling expenses and general and administrative expenses		
a. Selling expenses		
Employee expenses		
Outsourced service expenses	5.775.732.700	5.209.283.100
Other expenses in cash		
Total	5.775.732.700	5.209.283.100
b. General and administrative expenses		
Staff costs	1.214.168.350	1.475.228.269
Management materials, office supplies expenses	45.363.693	45.363.693
Fixed asset depreciation expenses	166.623.962	176.222.398
Taxes, fees and charges	11.175.354	4.338.440
Provision (reversal) for doubtful debts	(3.815.740.622)	1.422.696.096
Outsourced service expenses	795.250.552	1.194.597.241
Other cash expenses	1.769.041.778	412.393.138
Total	185.883.067	4.730.839.275
6. Other income		
Other income	13.004.516.352	(199.999.999)
Income from disposal and sale of fixed assets	-	
Total	13.004.516.352	(199.999.999)
7. Other expenses		
Other expenses	(1.611.541.104)	2.908.660.474
Expenses from disposal and sale of fixed assets	-	
Late payment penalty expenses	565.020.798	1.391.484.058
Total	(1.046.520.306)	4.300.144.532
8. Current corporate income tax expense		
(*) Including:		
Total accounting profit before tax	11.285.508.759	4.847.687.807
Adjustments to increase or decrease accounting profit to determine taxable income:	2.045.399.188	-
Taxable income	13.330.907.947	4.847.687.807
Tax rate	20%	20%
Current corporate income tax expense	2.671.499.744	292.870.769
9. Production and business costs by element		
Raw material and material costs	1.414.887.225	43.476.587.976
Labor costs	314.654.045	1.475.228.269
Tools and supplies expenses	249.003.561	
Fixed asset depreciation costs	2.205.387.519	3.043.572.552
Provision costs		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

Outsourced service costs	5.127.611.806	19.456.722.183
Other cash costs	13.789.748.036	12.490.026.719
Total	23.101.292.192	79.942.137.699

10. Financial risk management objectives and policies

Main risks from financial instruments include market risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk.

The Board of Directors reviews and applies management policies for these risks as follows:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk includes three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, and other price risks, such as share price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include cash, trade receivables, other receivables, trade payables, loans, and other payables.

These sensitivity analyses are prepared based on the value of net debt, the ratio between fixed interest rate debt and floating interest rate debt, and the correlation between financial instruments with foreign currency origins is unchanged.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's market risk due to changes in interest rates mainly relates to the Company's loans and debts, cash, loans receivable, and short-term deposits.

The Company manages interest rate risk by analyzing market competition to obtain interest rates that are favorable for the Company's purposes and remain within its risk management limits.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to risk from changes in exchange rates directly related to the company's business activities in currencies other than Vietnamese Dong.

The Company manages foreign currency risk by reviewing current market conditions and projections when the Company plans for future transactions in foreign currencies. The Company does not use any derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risk.

Sensitivity to foreign currency

The Company does not perform sensitivity analysis for foreign currency because the risk from changes in exchange rates at the reporting date is insignificant.

Share price risk

Listed and unlisted shares held by the Company are affected by market risks arising from uncertainty about the future value of the investment shares. The Company manages share price risk by establishing investment limits. The Company's Board of General Directors also reviews and approves share investment decisions.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument or customer contract fails to perform its obligations, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its production and business activities (mainly trade receivables) and from its financial activities, including bank deposits, foreign exchange transactions, and other financial instruments.

Almost all of the Company's operating capital is mainly concentrated in investment cooperation, especially individual investment cooperation. The Company recognizes the risk, but as it was approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders and the Company's Board of Directors through Resolutions, Decisions, etc., the Company believes that this investment cooperation can bring benefits to the Company, and the Company is confident in the recoverability of these investment cooperation amounts.

Trade receivables

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

The Company minimizes credit risk by only transacting with entities with good financial capacity; the company frequently monitors receivables closely to urge collection. Based on this and because the Company's receivables relate to many different customers, credit risk is not concentrated on any particular customer.

Loans receivable

The Company minimizes credit risk by only transacting with stakeholders and individuals with good financial capacity within limits, loan periods, and loan purposes specified in the Financial Regulations and specific loan agreements. The Company considers the credit risk for loans receivable to be low.

Bank deposits

The Company mainly maintains deposit balances at large, reputable banks in Vietnam. The Company considers the level of credit risk concentration for bank deposits to be low.

The Company's Board of General Directors assesses that most financial assets are current and not impaired because these financial assets relate to reputable customers with good payment ability, except for overdue receivables.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting its financial obligations due to a shortage of funds. The Company's liquidity risk arises primarily from the mismatch between the maturity dates of financial assets and financial liabilities.

The Company monitors its liquidity risk by maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents and bank loans at a level considered sufficient by the Board of Directors to meet the Company's operational needs and to mitigate the impact of cash flow fluctuations.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on expected contractual undiscounted payments:

	Under 1 year	From 1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
As at March 31, 2026				
Loans and debts	370.518.683.250	239.521.600.000	-	610.040.283.250
Trade payables	165.374.111.705	-	-	165.374.111.705
Other payables and accrued expenses	100.137.575.797	2.696.883.950	-	102.834.459.747
Total	636.030.370.752	242.218.483.950	-	878.248.854.702
As at December 31, 2025				
Loans and debts	372.263.017.181	239.521.600.000	-	611.784.617.181
Trade payables	141.428.760.901	-	-	141.428.760.901
Other payables and accrued expenses	90.998.067.718	2.696.883.950	-	93.694.951.668
Total	604.689.845.800	242.218.483.950	-	846.908.329.750

Liquidity risk is high. The Company believes it has sufficient access to capital sources when necessary, and loans maturing within 12 months can be renewed with current lenders.

Collateral assets

The Company has used fixed assets as collateral to secure short-term and long-term loans from banks (see Note No. 18 - Loans and finance lease liabilities).

The Company used a third party's assets as collateral on January 31, 2022 (see Note No. 18 - Loans and finance lease liabilities).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

11. Financial assets and financial liabilities (page 33)

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation.

The Company uses the following methods and assumptions to estimate fair value:

The fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables, and other short-term liabilities approximates their carrying value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The fair value of listed securities and debt instruments is determined based on market prices.

For unlisted equity investments that are traded frequently, fair value is determined based on the average price provided by three independent securities companies as of the fiscal year-end date.

The fair value of securities and financial investments for which fair value cannot be reliably determined due to the lack of an active market is presented at their carrying value.

Except for the items mentioned above, the fair value of long-term financial assets and financial liabilities has not been formally assessed and determined as at March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025. However, the Company's Board of General Directors assesses that the fair value of these financial assets and financial liabilities does not differ materially from their carrying value at the end of the accounting period.

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	From 01/01/2026 to 6/30/2026	From 01/01/2025 to 31/03/2025
1. Actual proceeds from borrowings during the period		
- Proceeds from borrowings under ordinary loan agreements	-	3,000,000,000
- Proceeds from issuance of ordinary bonds	-	-
	-	3,000,000,000
2. Actual repayments of loan principal during the period		
- Repayments of loan principal under ordinary loan agreements	458,769,057	3,349,937,499
- Repayments of bond principal	-	-
	458,769,057	3,349,937,499

VIII. OTHER INFORMATION

a. During the period, the Company had major transactions with Stakeholders as follows:

	From 01/01/2026 to 6/30/2026	From 01/01/2025 to 31/03/2025
Sale of goods and provision of services		
DGT Construction Materials Production and Trading Co., Ltd.	-	12,555,444,834
DGT-Nghe An One Member Co., Ltd.	-	-
Dong Loi Co., Ltd.	330,000,000	4,925,347,679
Total	330,000,000	17,480,792,513
Purchase of goods and receipt of provided services		
DGT Building Materials Manufacturing and Trading Co., Ltd.	-	-
Total	-	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

b. As at March 31, 2026, the Company has balances with Stakeholders as follows:

Short-term trade receivables	6/30/2026	01/01/2025	
DGT Construction Materials Production and Trading Co., Ltd.	53.984.075.091	53.984.075.091	
DGT-Nghe An One Member Co., Ltd.	1.798.400.000	1.798.400.000	
Dong Loi Co., Ltd.	932.769.855	3.389.969.855	
DGT-Vung Tau One Member Co., Ltd.			
Total	56.715.244.946	59.172.444.946	
Short-term prepayments to suppliers	30/06/2026	01/01/2025	
DGT-Nghe An One Member Co., Ltd.	1.980.247.089	1.980.247.089	
Total	1.980.247.089	1.980.247.089	
Other short-term receivables	30/06/2026	01/01/2025	
DGT - Nghe An One Member Co., Ltd	2.201.463.882	2.201.463.882	
DGT - Vung Tau One Member Co., Ltd	4.650.000	4.650.000	
DGT Investment One Member Co., Ltd	4.650.000	4.650.000	
DGT Dong Thap One Member Co., Ltd	4.650.000	4.650.000	
DGT Construction Materials Production and Trading Co., Ltd	155.125.949.585	155.125.949.585	
Dong Loi Co., Ltd	16.939.037.308	15.047.037.308	
Total	174.280.400.775	172.388.400.775	
Short-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities	30/06/2026	01/01/2025	
DGT Investment One Member Co., Ltd	343.638.000.000	343.638.000.000	
Total	343.638.000.000	343.638.000.000	
c. Remuneration of the Board of Directors, Board of Supervisors, and Board of Management	From 01/01/2026 to 6/30/2026	From 01/01/2025 to 31/03/2025	
Board of Directors	Remuneration and bonus	33.000.000	38.200.000
Board of Supervisors	Remuneration and bonus	27.000.000	30.000.000
Board of Directors	Salary and bonus	310.580.000	393.060.000
Total	370.580.000	461.260.000	

2. Comparative information

The comparative figures on the Balance Sheet and corresponding notes are figures from the Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, which were audited by Southern Auditing and Accounting Financial Consulting Services Company Limited (AASCS). The figures on the Statement of Income, Statement of Cash Flows, and corresponding notes are figures from the Financial Statements for the accounting period from January 01, 2025 to June 30 2025, which have been disclosed by the Company.

Luu Thi Hang

Prepared by

Dong Nai, July 24, 2026

Bui Quang Toan

Chief Accountant

Nguyen Khoa

General Director

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

Unit: VND

V.2. Long-term financial investments

	30/06/2026			01/01/2025		
	Historical Cost	Provision	Fair Value	Historical Cost	Provision	Fair Value
a. Investments in subsidiaries						
DGT Construction Materials Production and Trading Co., Ltd	3,000,000,000	(3,000,000,000)	(*)	3,000,000,000	(3,000,000,000)	(*)
DGT Investment One Member Co., Ltd	100,000,000,000	(2,276,756,866)	(*)	100,000,000,000	(2,276,756,866)	(*)
DGT - Nghe An One Member Co., Ltd	345,000,000,000	(3,608,696,938)	(*)	345,000,000,000	(3,608,696,938)	(*)
DGT - Dong Thap One Member Co., Ltd	67,581,000,000	(1,843,531,521)	(*)	67,581,000,000	(1,843,531,521)	(*)
DGT - Vung Tau One Member Co., Ltd	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dong Loi Co., Ltd	199,800,000,000	(3,775,876,972)	(*)	199,800,000,000	(1,770,472,468)	(*)
Total	715,381,000,000	(14,504,862,297)	-	715,381,000,000	(12,499,457,793)	-

As of the reporting date, the Company has not determined the fair value of these investments for disclosure in the financial statements because there is no listed price on the market, and Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System currently do not provide guidance on how to calculate fair value using valuation techniques. The fair value of these investments may differ from their book value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

Unit: VND

V.6. Doubtful debts

	30/06/2026			01/01/2026		
	Historical Cost	Provision	Overdue status	Historical Cost	Provision	Overdue status
Total value of receivables, prepayments to sellers overdue or unlikely to be recovered	106.926.418.168	(62.817.730.816)		94.922.867.234	(65.165.416.722)	
<i>Trade receivables</i>						
Hung Phat Construction Co., Ltd	40.446.163.353	(12.166.089.481)	From 1 month to 2 years	26.094.926.513	(12.166.089.481)	From 1 month to 2 years
Hiep An Construction JSC	11.391.320.000	(11.391.320.000)	From 2 to under 3 years	11.391.320.000	(11.391.320.000)	From 2 to under 3 years
Duc Long Dac Nong BOT and BT JSC	3.817.956.751	(3.817.956.751)	Over 3 years	3.817.956.751	(3.817.956.751)	Over 3 years
Construction Corporation No. 1 - JSC	3.015.338.122	(3.015.338.122)	Over 3 years	3.015.338.122	(3.015.338.122)	Over 3 years
Other debtors	7.935.203.869	(7.769.347.574)		7.935.203.869	(7.769.347.574)	
<i>Prepayments to sellers</i>						
Mr. Vo Cong Vinh	9.720.658.247	(9.720.658.247)	Over 3 years	9.743.675.747	(9.743.675.747)	Over 3 years
Mr. Nguyen Van Huy	1.078.819.261	(1.078.819.261)	Over 3 years	1.101.836.761	(1.101.836.761)	Over 3 years
Mr. Nguyen Quoc Toan	3.912.302.719	(3.912.302.719)	Over 3 years	3.995.165.719	(3.995.165.719)	Over 3 years
Other debtors	24.223.089.868	(8.735.095.683)	Over 3 years	26.441.877.774	(10.953.883.589)	Over 3 years
<i>Other receivables from other organizations and individuals</i>						
Other debtors	1.385.565.978	(1.210.802.978)	From 2 to under 3 years	1.385.565.978	(1.210.802.978)	From 2 to under 3 years

DONA TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Form No. B 09 - DN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

Unit: VND

V.8. Tangible fixed assets

Items	Buildings & structures	Machinery & equipment	Means of transportation, transmission	Management equipment & tools	Other fixed assets	Total
Historical cost						
Beginning balance	63.812.087.606	45.007.689.821	19.554.755.039	83.913.825	518.500.000	128.976.946.291
Increase in period	-	1.857.420.000	593.906.667	-	-	2.451.326.667
Disposal, liquidation			(593.906.667)			(593.906.667)
Ending balance	63.812.087.606	46.865.109.821	19.554.755.039	83.913.825	518.500.000	130.834.366.291
Accumulated depreciation						
Beginning balance	21.722.959.311	18.876.706.028	11.872.032.566	83.913.825	245.486.132	52.801.097.862
Depreciation in period	3.538.361.268	3.850.967.046	769.506.029		42.574.994	8.201.409.337
Disposal, liquidation			(8.217.593)			
Ending balance	25.261.320.579	22.727.673.074	12.633.321.002	83.913.825	288.061.126	60.994.289.606
Net book value						
Beginning balance	42.089.128.295	26.130.983.793	7.682.722.473	-	273.013.868	76.175.848.429
Ending balance	38.550.767.027	24.137.436.747	6.921.434.037	-	230.438.874	69.840.076.685

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from January 01, 2026 to March 31, 2026

Unit: VND

V.18 Borrowings and finance lease liabilities	01/01/2026		Incurred during the period			30/06/2026	
	Value	Solvable amount	Increase	Decrease	Value	Solvable amount	
a. Short-term	366.638.000.000	366.638.000.000	25.206.788.000	21.326.104.750	370.518.683.250	370.518.683.250	
Tan Cang JSC	3.000.000.000	3.000.000.000	-	-	3.000.000.000	3.000.000.000	
Borrowings from Stakeholders - 0% interest	343.638.000.000	343.638.000.000			343.638.000.000	343.638.000.000	
Vietnam Prosperity Joint Stock Commercial Bank - Dong Nai Branch	0			-	-	-	
Sai Gon Thuong Tin Bank Leasing Company Limited			5.206.788.000	1.126.104.750	4.080.683.250	4.080.683.250	
Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam (BIDV)	20.000.000.000	20.000.000.000	20.000.000.000	20.200.000.000	19.800.000.000	19.800.000.000	
b. Long-term	245.146.617.181	245.146.617.181	-	5.625.017.181	239.521.600.000	239.521.600.000	
Vietnam Prosperity Joint Stock Commercial Bank	418.229.181	418.229.181		418.229.181	-	-	
Sacombank - Leasing Company Limited	5.206.788.000	5.206.788.000	-	5.206.788.000	-	-	
Chailease International Leasing Company Limited	-	-		-	-	-	
Issued bonds (at par value):							
+ Thu Do Securities JSC	239.521.600.000	239.521.600.000			239.521.600.000	239.521.600.000	
+ Bond issuance costs	-	-			-	-	
Total	611.784.617.181	611.784.617.181	25.206.788.000	26.951.121.931	610.040.283.250	610.040.283.250	

Các thuyết minh này là bộ phận hợp thành các Báo cáo tài chính.

DONA TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

Unit: VND

V.19. Owner's Equity

a. Reconciliation of changes in Owner's Equity

Items	Owner's contributed capital	Share premium	Investment and development fund	Undistributed profit after tax	Total
Year 2025					
Balance as at January 01, 2025	790.000.000.000	152.195.272.727	21.282.835.714	(55.720.523.126)	907.757.585.315
Profit for the period	-	-	-	3.707.394.082	3.707.394.082
Capital increase	-	-	-	-	-
Other decreases	-	-	-	(247.100.000)	(247.100.000)
Balance as at December 31, 2025	790.000.000.000	152.195.272.727	21.282.835.714	(52.260.229.044)	911.217.879.397
Year 2026					
Balance as at January 01, 2026	790.000.000.000	152.195.272.727	21.282.835.714	(52.260.229.044)	911.217.879.397
Profit/loss for the period	-	-	-	8.640.599.788	8.640.599.788
Other increases	-	-	-	-	-
Other decreases	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at April 30, 2026	790.000.000.000	152.195.272.727	21.282.835.714	(43.619.629.256)	919.858.479.185

Các thuyết minh này là bộ phận hợp thành các Báo cáo tài chính.

Trang 32

DONA TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Form No. B 09 - DN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period from April 01, 2026 to June 30, 2026

Unit: VND

VI.11. Financial assets and financial liabilities

The table below presents the book value and fair value of financial instruments presented in the Company's financial statements.

	Book Value		Fair Value	
	31/03/2026		01/01/2026	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	274.055.012.177	(38.160.051.928)	265.384.798.098	(38.160.051.928)
Other receivables	433.199.244.368	(1.210.802.978)	426.224.280.496	(1.210.802.978)
Cash and cash equivalents	22.345.298.782	-	8.466.929.754	-
TOTAL	729.599.555.327	(39.370.854.906)	700.076.008.348	(39.370.854.906)
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings and finance lease liabilities	610.040.283.250	-	611.784.617.181	-
Trade payables	165.374.111.705	-	141.428.760.901	-
Other payables and accrued expenses	102.834.459.747	-	93.694.951.668	-
TOTAL	878.248.854.702	-	846.908.329.750	-
			878.248.854.702	846.908.329.750



Các thuyết minh này là bộ phận hợp thành các Báo cáo tài chính.